

## EDITORIAL COMMENT

Belgium brought down three German planes Tuesday and took four prisoners from one of them.

While a woman was rescuing her crippled husband from a fire at Yonkers, N. Y. their three small children were burned to death.

Clergymen of all denominations have been asked to assist in the collection of income taxes. There are 21,000 of them and most of them are experienced in the fine art of making their own members come across.

## CUPID GETS BUSY AGAIN

Number of Weddings This Week in the City and County.

## WEATHER CHANGES PLANS

Mr. Johnson and Miss McKenzie Concluded To Be Wedded In Nashville.

Mr. John Thomas Johnson and Miss Louise McKenzie, a popular young couple of the Oak Grove neighborhood, were married at the Hermitage Hotel in Nashville Tuesday evening. It had been planned to have a home wedding, but owing to the severe weather and illness of relatives, the young people concluded to go to Nashville to be married. They had intended to take a short trip to that city following the wedding. After a few days, they will return and go to housekeeping at the O'Neal place near the bride's home.

Mr. Johnson is a son of Mr. T. P. Johnson and is a strong and successful young farmer. His bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. McKenzie and is one of the county's loveliest and most charming girls.

A wide circle of friends will welcome the young couple on their return and wish them a happy future.

## Golladay-Martin.

Leon Golladay and Miss Clara Martin were united in marriage at the residence of Mrs. Georgia Thomas on South Main street Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Dr. C. M. Thompson performed the ceremony in the presence of a limited number of the closest friends of the young couple. Mr. and Mrs. Golladay left at 3:30 for Gracely, where they will reside. The Misses Thomas accompanied them home, returning to the city Tuesday night. A sumptuous 6 o'clock dinner was served the bridal party on their arrival at Gracely. Among the pre-nuptial events, complimentary to the couple was a miscellaneous shower given at Mrs. Thomas' Monday night and the occasion was greatly enjoyed by every one present. Miss Martin has been a resident of the city for several years and is popular with a large circle of friends.

The groom is a prosperous young farmer of Gracely. He was reared near Roaring Spring.

## McCullom-Hunt.

Mr. Jesse McCullom, of Hopkinsville, Ky., and Miss Alla Belle Hunt, of this city, were quietly married at 7 o'clock Saturday night at the home of Mr. Charlie Fleming, on Greenwood avenue, Esquire John B. Osborne officiating.—Clarksville Leaf-Chronicle.

## Wade-Roe.

A marriage license was issued Monday to Hugh Wade, aged 35, and Edna Roe, aged 29. It was expected that the wedding would occur some evening. Both parties reside in this city.

## Leford-Armstrong.

A marriage license was issued at Hopkinsville Monday to Leford and Armstrong.

OPEN LATE  
CLOSE EARLY  
AGREEMENT

Many Business Houses Sign Agreement To Shorten Business Hours.

OPEN 8:30 TO 5 O'CLOCK

Will Conserve Fuel During the Rest of the Winter Months.

A large number of the business houses of the city began yesterday, under a signed agreement, to open at 8:30 a. m. and close at 5 p. m. Most of them have been opening at 6 or 7 o'clock and keeping open until 6 or later in the evening. The new order is to obtain until March 1.

## The Agreement.

We, the undersigned, dealers in Dry Goods, Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Jewelry, Furniture, Undertaking, Hardware and Farming Implements of the city of Hopkinsville, being desirous of showing our full sympathy and co-operation with the plans of those in authority who are endeavoring to conserve fuel, etc., for the purpose of the best interest of all legitimate ends and purposes, hereby agree that we will, beginning the 23rd day of January, and continuing through the month of February, open said places of business at 8:30 a. m. and close at 5 p. m.:

Planters Hardware Co.  
The J. H. Anderson Co.  
Bassett & Co.  
F. W. Woolworth Co.  
Sam Frankel for Frankel's Busy Store.  
The J. T. Edwards Co.  
R. C. Hardwick Co.  
Wall & McGowan.  
Barnes & Metcalfe.  
John Young.  
Blakey, Bass & Barnett.  
Forbes Mfg. Co.  
Cayce-Yost Co.  
The Walter & Trice Co.  
Kolo & Howe.  
M. D. Kelly.  
Irving Roseborough Co.  
John McCauley.  
J. K. Hooser.  
S. H. Kress & Co.  
D. W. Kitchen.  
Kentucky Public Service Co.  
Hopkinsville Water Co.  
Cary-Williamson Co.  
E. Tanner & Son (except Saturday).  
S. Kreisberg  
Sam Bohn  
W. Geller  
H. Bohn  
Jake W. Williams  
S. Klein  
H. Franklin  
Sabel Bros.  
Sam Goldfine

## Girls Won, Boys Lost.

The Hopkinsville High School girls' basketball team won the game from the Madisonville High School girls' team at the latter place Tuesday night. The score was 14 to 7 in favor of Hopkinsville. The Hopkinsville High School boys' team also played the Madisonville High School boys' team, but lost in the contest by the score of 32 to 15.

## Indefinite Government Control

Director General McAdoo told the senate commerce commission Monday he thought the government should retain operation of the railroads for some time after peace comes and not return them to private ownership until new and comprehensive laws had been enacted to govern them.

Only 17,000.

British casualties for the week were 17,000, a decrease of nearly 8,000 from the previous week.



1. Soldier and soldier waiting how to cook. 2. American officers in a trench. 3. Heavy gun of the latest model used by the French in the Verdun region.

FACTORY  
WHEELS TURN  
ONCE MORE

Local Concerns Resumed Operations Again Yesterday After 5 Days.

## SERIOUS SETBACK RESULT

Mogul Had Government Contracts and Was Running Day and Night.

Hopkinsville's manufacturing concerns that shut down for five days under the fuel order started up again yesterday and are trying to catch up with their orders.

The Mogul Wagon Works has a big government contract and has been running day and night and on Sundays, with hurry orders coming all the time. The loss of five days was a serious set-back but they are hoping to get a special permit not to stop on Mondays hereafter, but so far without success.

The Forbes Manufacturing Co. is also running again, as are the Buck Brand Overall Co. and other factories that closed down.

The business houses generally, including the livery stables, will close again next Monday.

Picture shows, bowling alleys and other places of amusement have the privilege of closing on Tuesdays and keeping open on Mondays.

STRAWBERRY  
ASSOCIATION

Meeting At Pembroke Monday Afternoon and Starts Tomato Movement.

An enthusiastic meeting of the Christian County Strawberry Growers Association was held at Pembroke Monday afternoon. The large room in the rear of the Bank of Pembroke building was filled to overflowing, standing room being at a premium. Notwithstanding the severity of the weather, the farmers came out and made this the largest meeting in attendance the association has held since its organization two years ago.

The association has pledged to plant more than 200 acres of berries this spring in addition to the 150 or 200 acres already planted and will produce



LIEUT. COL. E. B. BASSETT.

Lieut. Col. E. B. Bassett, heretofore unassigned, has been assigned to the 15th Infantry at Camp Shelby, succeeding Lieut. Col. Geo. H. Sealy, who becomes Colonel. This regiment is made up of the men of Kentucky troops.

Arthur S. Reeder has been notified that he has been assigned to the engineers corps of the U. S. Army. He has been accepted and has been ordered to report at Washington, D. C. Feb. 5. He has successfully passed the physical examination. Mr. Reeder has given up clerical position with the Kentucky Public Service Company. He will be assigned to the 25th engineers. Mr. Reeder is the only son of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Reeder.

Sam Ezell, a young painter who has not yet reached the draft age, has enlisted in the quartermasters' department of the U. S. Army and will report at Ft. Thomas Feb. 1. He has passed the physical examination here. Ezell was pressman in the Kentuckian last summer, but has more recently been working at his trade in the New Era office.



N. R. R. Co. farm expert, was present at Monday's meeting and assured the growers that their berries had already won the reputation of being the finest sold on the market last year. The association voted unanimously to "keep the quality up."

In addition to growing strawberries the members of the association, and others wishing to join, will also grow tomatoes for the early spring market. Over 100 acres were pledged Monday and more farmers are to be seen. The tomatoes will be marketed in the same manner as the berries. The Stone tomato was adopted as the type to be grown.

All this augurs well for the success of the farmer and the determination to go into the cultivation of profitable food crops and abandon to some extent the growing of tobacco and other non-food crops.

WEATHER  
SHOWS SOME  
IMPROVEMENT

Temperature Moderates 15 or 20 Degrees But Still Below Freezing.

## SNOW STILL ON GROUND

Constantly On The Ground Since December 7th Still a Foot Deep.

The weather has shown some improvement this week since the last snow, and on Tuesday there were some indications of a thaw. Yesterday the thermometer stood 15 or 20 degrees above zero and the weather was still raw and cloudy.

The snows have piled one on another since Dec. 7, with some thawing, some rain and five spells of zero weather. The coal shortage has added to the discomforts and suffering, but the weather is expected to slowly moderate towards the end of the week. We have yet to go through the sloppy stage.

## Two Miners Suffocated.

Zeke Reynolds and Walter Smith, two well known citizens of Greenfield, met death at an early hour Friday morning, probably from suffocation, in the coal mine of the W. A. Wickliffe Coal company at Browder, a station on the Louisville and Nashville railroad.

CRUSHED IN BY  
TONS OF SNOW

Storage Warehouse Owned By R. M. Wooldridge On Ninth Street.

The fall of another inch of snow Tuesday morning before day was "the straw that broke the camel's back" and the large storage warehouse of R. M. Wooldridge on Ninth street was crushed in by the weight of snow on the roof. The building was 60 feet front on Ninth street and 300 feet deep, built of corrugated iron. When the roof crashed in, the walls also fell, except a small part in front. The building is a complete loss and will have to be rebuilt. Mr. Wooldridge estimates his loss at \$2,500. Some tobacco in hogsheads was stored in the warehouse, but

AUSTRIAN  
STRIKERS STILL  
ARE HUNGRY

Fires of Discontent Beneath Placated Surface--- War Weariness.

## MILLION WORKERS OUT

Hungary Said to Flatly Refuse to Yield Its Cereals to Anybody.

With the food situation in Austria becoming more and more critical, the government has decided to take drastic measures. A million workers are out on strike, and the government is refusing to yield its cereals to anybody.

The situation in Austria is becoming more and more critical. The government is refusing to yield its cereals to anybody, and a million workers are out on strike.

The situation in Austria is becoming more and more critical. The government is refusing to yield its cereals to anybody, and a million workers are out on strike.

It is stated that Hungary absolutely refused to give cereals to Austria, and that the Rumanian stocks of grain are exhausted.

The status of the situation is regarded Russia and the Brest-Litovsk peace conference remains unchanged. Leon Trotsky, the bolshevik foreign minister, who now is in Petrograd, is said to be preparing another note to the entente powers on the subject of peace.

On the fighting front, comparative calm prevails except for artillery duels and snail-paced engagements.

That all has not gone as planned with the Austrian armies in Italy is indicated by the fact that General Sotzgar Boroevic has been chosen by Austrian high command to succeed the Archduke Eugene as generalissimo on the entire Italian front.

house must not be confounded with the Wooldridge & Abernathy horse floor warehouse on Campbell street, several squares away.

Mr. Wooldridge will rebuild the house as soon as it can be done, entering the same ground as before.

## Miner's Hands Frozen.

Roy Davidson, employe of the L. S. Flourspar company at Marietta, who was lost in a snowdrift Monday night, Jan. 14, while returning from his work to his home near the limits, was taken by his physician to Evansville for an operation. His hands were so badly frozen that he feared he will lose them. He is in a serious condition.

## Three Aviators Killed.

First Lieutenants Wm. H. Cheney and Oliver P. Sherwood and Private Geo. A. Beach were killed Sunday in a collision of airplanes over an American aviation school in France, the war department was advised by General Preshing.

## Miss Thomas Chosen.

Miss Bertha Thomas has been elected to teach second grade in the West Side school, made vacant by the resignation of Miss Annie May Brasher. She entered upon her duties yesterday.

## Mrs. Elgin's Brother.

Mr. Chas. W. Gray, of Memphis, a brother of Mrs. L. L. Elgin, died of pneumonia a few days ago, and

## Hopkinsville Kentuckian.

Published Every Other Day  
TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY  
MORNINGS BY  
CHAS. M. MEACHAM

Entered at the Hopkinsville Post-  
office as Second Class Mail Matter.

Established as Hopkinsville Con-  
servative in 1866. Succeeded by Hop-  
kinsville Democrat 1876. Published  
at the South Kentuckian 1879 to 1889.

FIFTY-SECOND YEAR

## SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

ONE YEAR .....\$2.00  
SIX MONTHS ..... 1.00  
THREE MONTHS ..... .50  
SINGLE COPIES..... 5c

Advertising Rates on Application  
212 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

**WATCH THE DATE**—After your  
name, renew promptly, and not miss  
a number. The postal regulations  
require subscriptions to be paid in  
advance.

Gen. Sir Beauchamp Duff, British  
commander in India up to 1916, was  
found dead in London Sunday.

American women motor car drivers  
are now doing service at the front  
and surprising the French by their  
efficiency.

At Bloomfield, Ind., a woman  
jumped from the third floor of a  
burning building and escaped injury  
by landing in a four-foot snowbank.

An appeal has been sent out for the  
enlistment of 30,000 more women in  
the military nursing service, to meet  
the prospective requirements of the  
American Red Cross.

Director McAdoo has announced  
that he will soon release all railroads  
not needed by the government. This  
is not pleasing to many small roads  
that were running at a loss and tickled  
when they were taken over.

Gen. Gorgas says that 2 per cent of  
the enlisted men in the camps are  
shown by psychological tests to be  
"mentally unfit", or in other words  
haven't sense enough to be soldiers.  
He says such men are "a menace and  
a nuisance."

The Breslan and the Goehen, two  
German cruisers that escaped into the  
Dardanelles in 1914 and were pro-  
tected by the Turks under new names  
until Turkey entered the war, were  
engaged by British cruisers Sunday  
and the Breslan sunk and the Goehen  
heached, when she was being bombed  
by airships at last accounts. The  
British lost two small monitors in the  
battle.

The anarchistic character of the  
Bolshevik faction in Russia was  
shown Saturday when the constituent  
assembly was forcibly dissolved. It  
was elected by order of the Lenin  
regime but when it came to organize  
defeated Lenin's candidate for chair-  
man by about 100 majority. Failing  
to control the assembly, the anarchist  
in charge promptly dissolved it with  
soldiers.

## February American Magazine.

Harold Bell Wright, who has sold  
over seven million copies of his books,  
has written his first magazine article  
for the February American Magazine.  
It is called "The Sword of Jesus"  
and asks what Jesus would do in this  
great world war. Every man, wo-  
man and child in America should  
read it.

In addition there are fine articles  
about the Mayo Brothers, the great  
doctors of Rochester, Minn., Thomas  
Edison and Abraham Lincoln. The  
Edison article presents a new view  
of the famous genius, discussing not  
his inventions but the personal wis-  
dom of the man. "What I Learned  
from 'Abe' Lincoln" tells how pic-  
tures and the life of Lincoln has in-  
spired one man, and Walter Prichard  
Eaton tells of the plays worth seeing  
this winter.

The fiction contains good stories by  
Holworthy Hall, William Dudley Pel-  
ley, Samuel Derieux and other well-  
known writers. The Interesting Peo-  
ple Department is fine this month.  
Bruce Barton continues his serial,  
"The Making of George Grotton." Sid  
Says: "If you aren't fighting, are  
you worth fighting for?" and Family  
Money contains many helpful hints on  
how to save.

## Knows No Bounds.

Wherever the tree of benevolence  
takes root, it sends forth branches be-  
yond the sky.—Sund.

How Europe Was Made  
Safe for Royalty

By OSCAR COX

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

There was once a princelity some-  
where in Europe—the censor has taken  
the principal points out of this story—  
whose territory consists of only a few  
square miles. The prince being of the  
blood royal and an associate on equal  
terms with the other sovereigns of Eu-  
rope, was required to keep up their  
style though he did it on an infinitely  
small scale. He had one general, one  
judge, one executioner. His army con-  
sisted of a hundred men divided into  
ten companies consisting of ten men to  
a company. Everything else was on a  
proportionate scale. But the general,  
except when on duty, was a butcher;  
the judge the only policeman in the  
princelity, and the soldiers were  
instructors. The executioner was the  
parson officiating over the little church  
20 by 30 feet in area, one-third of  
which is taken up by the royal pew.  
The parson was a meek little man in-  
competent to decapitate a chicken.

All worked well in the princelity for  
many years. There were no crim-  
inals to try, or to punish, the prince  
spent his time visiting his royal rela-  
tives, so that his living was provided  
for, and the people, who were taxed  
only to provide for the royal pocket  
money, were happy.

Then suddenly came trouble. The  
general of the army was caught in the  
net of treason. A neighboring king,  
whose territory consisted of many mil-  
lions of square miles, wanted the prin-  
cipality for a pasture for his cows,  
and bribed the general of the prince  
for a consideration to let down the  
bars of the fence enclosing the prin-  
cality territory, and admit the king's army  
without resistance on the part of the  
prince's forces. The plan being dis-  
covered in time, the other European  
sovereigns frowned upon it and  
stopped it. Had it been carried  
through they would have held a con-  
ference and in order that the peace of  
Europe might not be disturbed would  
have winked at it. As it was, the only  
action required was to try the gen-  
eral for high treason and cut off his head.

But the judge, who, it has been said,  
was only a policeman, knew nothing  
about law and was incapable of con-  
ducting a trial. The prince got over  
the difficulty by ordering a trial behind  
closed doors; and when they were  
opened a warrant was produced by  
which the general was condemned to  
death. It was taken to the prince, who  
signed it, and the pen with which he  
affixed his royal signature was sent to  
the sovereign of the most powerful em-  
pire as a token that imperialism was  
absolute in the princelity.

It remained now only to carry out  
the sentence by beheading the general.  
A meeting of the privy council was  
held, at which it was unanimously  
agreed that the executioner could not  
be relied upon to carry out the sen-  
tence and the members deliberated  
what was to be done in the premises.  
One suggested that the general, being  
a butcher, was far better fitted to cut  
off his own head than the executioner,  
who was a parson. Whereupon another  
member suggested that the two be sur-  
prisedly made to change places and the  
butcher be made to cut off the head of  
the parson. This would satisfy the  
powers.

But the prince, who was a just so-  
vereign would not hear of such a nota-  
rious deed, and dismissed the council,  
saying that he would lay a plan for  
carrying out the sentence himself. Un-  
til such time as he could find an exe-  
cutioner he would take the general's  
parole and release him from confine-  
ment. The general willingly gave his  
word not to leave the princelity and the  
next morning was to be seen peace-  
fully swinging his cleaver in his  
lumber shop.

Now the king of that country who  
desired the princelity for his cow  
pasture—remember that this story has  
been censored and all names have been  
deleted—hearing that the general was  
engaged at his usual business, sent a  
deputation to the prince to protest  
against such a flagrant omission of a  
royal duty to punish treason, repre-  
senting that if such leniency were  
practiced by the crowned heads of Eu-  
rope the world would at last be cursed  
with all the horrors of democracy.

To this the prince replied that rather  
than see this he would consent to the  
murder of every one of his subjects.  
The leader of the deputation replied to  
this that if the prince so desired his  
royal master would send his own exe-  
cutioner to decapitate the general.

A few days later the king's execu-  
tioner arrived. His guard of honor  
numbered five hundred men armed  
with the most deadly implements of  
modern warfare. They took the gen-  
eral from his shop and the king's exe-  
cutioner dispatched him. Then the  
prince was shot down, and when the  
executioners were finished there was  
not a human being left in the prin-  
cipality.

The executioner, attended by his  
guard, went back to the king, who  
asked him if he had acceded to the re-  
quest of his royal cousin, and the exe-  
cutioner assured him that he had done  
his work so well that the princelity  
was now ready for his majesty's cow  
pasture.

This is an instance of how the bless-  
ings of royalty have been saved to the  
world by one royal cousin assisting  
another in repressing treason. The  
princelity is now a cow pasture.  
Who knows but that it might have been  
a vast plant for the manufacture of  
comforts for the people?

## "A SPLENDID TONIC"

Says Hixson Lady Who, On Doc-  
tor's Advice, Took Cardui  
And Is Now Well.

Hixson, Tenn.—"About 16 years ago  
I was..." says Mrs. J. B. Gadd, of  
this place. "I suffered with a pain in  
my left side, could not sleep at night  
with this pain, always in the left  
side..."

My doctor told me to use Cardui. I  
took one bottle, which helped me and  
after my baby came, I was stronger  
and better, but the pain was still  
there.

I at first let it go, but began to get  
weak and in a run-down condition,  
so I decided to try some more Cardui,  
which I did.

"This last Cardui which I took made  
me much better. In fact, cured me. It  
has been a number of years, still I  
have no return of this trouble.

I feel it was Cardui that cured me,  
and I recommend it as a splendid fe-  
male tonic.

Don't allow yourself to become  
weak and run-down from womanly  
troubles. Take Cardui. It should sure-  
ly help you, as it has so many thou-  
sands of other women in the past 40  
years. Headache, backache, sideache,  
nervousness, sleeplessness, tired-out  
feeling, are all signs of womanly trou-  
ble. Other women get relief by taking  
Cardui. Why not you? All druggists.

NC-132

(Advertisement.)

## Preferred Locals

## WANTED

Machine-operator for linotype on  
or about Jan. 20. Work on morning  
paper. Address,

KENTUCKIAN,  
Hopkinsville, Ky.

Smithson water delivered Tues-  
days and Saturdays. Phone 633-1.  
Advertisement.

Good Morning. Have  
You Seen The Courier?  
Evansville's Best paper.

## For Rent.

Four-room cottage at 108 West 17th  
Street. Bath, lights, city sewerage  
and nice garden. \$15 per month.  
CHAS. M. MEACHAM.

## PROFESSIONALS

Dr. T. W. Perkins  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office Over City Bank, formerly  
occupied by Dr. Fruit.

Office Phone 124-1—Residence 124-2  
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

R. T. JETT, D. V. M.

--VETERINARIAN--

7th and Railroad Sts.

Office,

Cowherd &amp; Altscheler Sale Barn.

Phone 19.

Hopkinsville, Ky.

Hotel Latham  
Barber Shop

Fine Bath Rooms. Four First-  
class Artists.

FRANK BOYD, PROP.

JAS. A. MCKENZIE

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Summers' Building

Phone 331

Hopkinsville, Kentucky

Soap Berry Tree.

The Jaboncello or soap berry tree  
grows in the humid parts of western  
Florida. It attains a height of about  
fifty feet and has wide-spreading  
branches and immense quantities of  
fruit of the size and shape of cherries.  
The nearly transparent yellowish skin  
and pulp surrounding the round black  
seeds are so saponaceous as to be  
used instead of soap by many people  
of Ecuador, being equivalent to more  
than fifty times their weight of that  
material.

Children Cry  
FOR FLETCHER'S  
CASTORIA

Every Woman Wants

Paxtine  
ANTISEPTIC POWDER

FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE  
Dissolved in water for douche, vaginal  
pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflamma-  
tion. Recommended by Lydia E.  
Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years.  
A healing wonder for nasal catarrh,  
sore throat and sore eyes. Economical.  
This antiseptic powder is guaranteed pure.  
Bottle Price, 25c. All druggists, or sent by  
mail, The Pinkham Medicine Company, Boston, Mass.

FAIRM  
STOCK

## GOOD WINTER HORSE FORAGE

Corn Stover Has Practically Same  
Feeding Value as Timothy Hay—  
Alfalfa Is Favored.

(By A. A. AGEE, New Jersey Experiment Station.)

With choice timothy hay quoted at  
the present price of \$24 to \$25 a ton,  
and with inferior grades at not less  
than \$20 a ton, other roughages  
should be substituted for wintering  
horses. Good corn stover (corn for-  
sided minus the ears) has practically the  
same feeding value as timothy hay and  
may be fed to horses with about the  
same results during the winter months.  
Alfalfa and clover are legitimate hays  
having a still higher feeding value  
than timothy, particularly in their  
content of protein. The best grade of  
alfalfa usually sells at considerably  
less on the market than timothy hay,  
making it a more economical rough-  
age on the farm. Alfalfa and clover  
when fed as the only roughage have  
been known to cause an overexertion  
of the kidneys because of the high ni-  
trogen content. However, this objec-  
tion is practically done away with by  
substituting corn stover, straw or tim-  
othy for a part of the roughage. Horses  
on heavy work need approximately a  
pound of grain daily for each hundred  
pounds of live weight.

## MAKING SELECTION OF A RAM

Animal Should Be Vigorous, Active and  
Show Strong Masculine Character  
In Makeup.

In selecting the ram, special at-  
tention should be paid to type, mutton  
qualities, and denseness of fleece. Qual-  
ity of mutton is the prime factor in the  
farm flock, and should receive the most  
attention. The fleece should not be for-  
gotten, for not only will the fleece be  
a source of income, but a good fleece  
will give a higher market value to the  
sheep.

The ram should be strong, active and  
show strong masculine character.  
These points are important, for on



Splendid Mutton Type.

them will depend to a large extent the  
number of lambs produced, also their  
health and vigor. The ram should  
stand up well on his feet, and his pas-  
terns should be strong. The back  
should be strong and the ribs well  
springing to give plenty of room for the  
heart and lungs.

## SHEEP FLOCK DURING WINTER

Requisites Necessary to Bring Flock  
Through Cold Weather Are Feed  
and Proper Shelter.

Shelter, proper feed and good man-  
agement are the requisites in bringing  
sheep successfully through the winter  
season. While some shelter is neces-  
sary, close housing is not advisable,  
especially with ewes in lamb. Large,  
dry yards in which the sheep have  
plenty of room for exercise are the  
first requirement.

## SUCCESS WITH LIVE STOCK

Industry Has Greater Influence Upon  
Husbandman Than Would Appear  
at First.

Live stock raising has a greater in-  
fluence upon the husbandman than  
would at first appear. Animals re-  
quire responsibility for their care.  
They require regular feeding, punctu-  
ality, personal interest and sympathy.  
These are some of the qualifications  
for moral character and successful  
husbandry.

## WORMS SPREAD HOG CHOLERA

Where There Are Indications of Inter-  
nal Parasites Feed Concentrated  
Lye Mixed in Slop.

One of the things that causes and  
spreads hog cholera is worms. No one  
has ever seen a cholera hog that was  
free from worms. If there are signs  
of worms feed concentrated lye, one-  
half teaspoonful to each animal well  
mixed in slop or soft feed.

## GOOD PROTECTION FOR COLTS

Cold Winds Pierce Their Tender Bod-  
ies and Cause Them to Lose  
Flesh Quite Rapidly.

Colts need the protection of a good  
warm stable every night, as well as  
much of the time during the days, for  
cold winds pierce their tender bodies  
and cause them to lose flesh rapidly  
when left outdoors for long periods.

## We Don't Solicit

The business of every man, but  
wnt the account of the reliable  
and trustworthy only. Always  
ready, able and willing to assist  
those deserving help, we have  
doubled our deposits in the last  
two and a half years, and point  
with real pride to the standing and  
general character of our custom-  
ers. Are you one of them?

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Of Hopkinsville, Ky.

The United States Food Adminis-  
tration is trying to discourage the ship-  
ment of grain from territory where it  
will be needed later. It is not necessary  
for you to wait until some shipper has a  
car ready to load, nor is it necessary to  
pick out all colored corn. We will pay  
\$6.50 per barrel for all sound, dry, well  
matured corn, white, yellow or mixed,  
76 lbs. in shuck to the bushel.

## THE ACME MILLS.

Incorporated

Among the many monuments to General Sherman, the one situa-  
ted in Calvary Cemetery, St. Louis, is a most unique, compelling de-  
sign. The very character of its architecture seems to emphasize the  
faithful and honorable spirit of this old warrior.

Sherman  
Monument  
St. Louis



We believe in being  
faithful to a trust.  
We believe in being  
honorable in our  
dealings. We do a  
high-charactered  
work at a reason-  
able price.

## McCLAIID &amp; ARMSTRONG

509 N. Main St., Hopkinsville, Ky.

Telephone 490.

## Percy Smithson

Livery and Board Stable

Hopkinsville, Ky.

EVERYTHING  
UP-TO-DATE

Phone 32. Virginia Street, Between 7th and 8th



For Nice Job Work Come Here

Advertise in The KENTUCKIAN

# Kentuckian "Buy at Home"

BE A HOME  
TOWN BOOSTER

DEPARTMENT

Help HOPKINSVILLE  
GROW

It's Money You Spend at Home That Makes Your Own Town Prosper  
and at the Same Time Means Bigger Business. Money Sent  
way Seldom Returns. To Boost Home Industries  
a Duty Every Citizen Owes His City.

Woolridge Henry Abernathy  
**FARMERS LOOSE FLOOR**  
Sell your tobacco on this floor, if  
you want the highest price and best  
service.

**Booker's Wholesale and  
Retail Bakery.**  
Buy The Best. Call for Booker's im-  
proved Sanitary Bread, finest Quality.  
Prompt Attention given to all Orders.  
Phone 237. Made in Hopkinsville.

**Miss Katie McDaniel**  
No. 1 Od. Fellows Building  
Residence, 210.  
Phones—Office, 179-2.  
Fire, Life, Tornado—Accident and  
Health Liability.  
Workmen's Compensation.

SEE OUR MR. ROOP FOR  
**AUTO REPAIRING**  
Mechanical and Electrical Expert  
15 Years Experience.  
**HOPKINSVILLE AUTO CO.**  
Agents For The Famous  
BRISCOE CAR. PRICE \$725.00

**W. H. TANDY**  
**PIANOS**  
Player-Pianos, Organs, Phonographs  
410 North Main Street.  
Phone 927-1. Hopkinsville Ky

**The Waller & Trice Co.**  
(INCORPORATED.)  
**LEADING UNDERTAKERS**  
and  
**HOUSE FURNISHERS**  
8th and Main Streets.

**C. E. HARRIS**  
**PAINTER**  
—AND—  
**PAPER HANGER**  
Phone—1056-2. Hopkinsville, Ky.

**The Metcalfe Laundry**  
Laundry, Dry Cleaning, Pressing  
Better Than Most. Equal to Any.  
East 7th Street. Tel. No. 735

**THE SANITARY GROCERY  
AND MEAT MARKETS**  
E. CARPENTER, Proprietor.  
TWO STORES 5th & Va. Phone 92.  
6th & Va. Phone 223.

**HUGH McSHANE**  
**THE PLUMBER**  
Everything In The Plumbing Line.  
Liberty and Tenth Streets.  
Phone—950.

**W. R. Wheeler & Co.**  
**Wholesale Grocers**  
400-406 South Main St.  
Hopkinsville, Ky.

**RADFORD & JOHNSON**  
**Real Estate**  
Telephone 244  
Hopkinsville, Ky.

**DUFFER-COX MOTOR CO.**  
(Incorporated.)  
Agents for Dodge Automobiles  
Seminole Building, Cor. 7th and  
Liberty Hopkinsville, Ky.

**V. H. Hisgen**  
Painter, Paper Hanger and Decorator.  
Hardwood Work a Specialty.  
I carry the latest designs in Wall  
Paper and the best grade of  
Paints. Phone 711 for prices.

**A GOOD DRUG STORE** is a protec-  
tion as well as a convenience and  
merits your patronage.  
Ours is a good Drug Store.  
**Martin & Boyd.**

**S. B. Ficken's Anti-Septic Barber Shop.** Near 9th and Main  
Latest Styles of Hair Cut. Phone 1133

**HARDWICK'S GLASSES**  
GIVE THE BOY A  
**CHANCE**  
**R. C. HARDWICK CO.**

## THE CONSUMER MISCALCULATES

Often Pays More For Catalogue  
House Goods.

ONE FARMER'S EXPERIENCE.

Influenced by an Alluring Picture Book  
For a Time—Yards of Red Tape  
Used—Buying From a Picture Album  
is a Reckless Form of Gambling.  
See the Goods Before Purchase.

[Copyrighted, 1914, by Thomas J. Sullivan.]  
Figures do not always indicate the  
price of goods sold by mail order  
houses as scheduled in their price lists,  
as the catalogue houses are careful  
not to mention the "extra" cost in-  
cidental to placing the order and the  
delivery of the article ordered.

The consumer is governed by the  
low catalogue price rather than the  
delivery cost, the latter means, of  
course, being the correct way of deter-  
mining the cost of the article.

**Consumer Buys Costly Saw.**  
As an example I reproduce herewith  
a conversation which recently took  
place in a western town when a con-  
sumer entered the local store and in-  
quired the price of a saw. The price  
of the saw was \$2, the merchant told  
him.

"Great guess!" declared the consumer.  
"I can get the same article from a  
catalogue house for \$1.50."

"I can't buy it for that price," said  
the merchant, "but I will give it to you  
on the same terms as the mail order  
house, just the same."

"All right," replied the consumer.  
"You can wrap it up and charge it to  
me, and when I settle in the fall I will  
pay for it."

"Hand Over the Cash."  
"Oh, no, you don't," said the dealer.  
"We are doing business on the same  
terms as you do business with the mail  
order house—on account. Hand  
over the cash, please."

The consumer handed over \$1.50.  
"Now," said the merchant, "5 cents  
for the money order and 2 cents for  
postage."

"What the?"  
"But you must send a letter and a  
money order to the catalogue house in  
order to get the saw, you know."

The consumer, although desiring to  
balk, kept bravely to his agreement

of reason. Merchants generally buy  
their goods where they can get them  
the cheapest, whether in Chicago, New  
York or Asia, no matter how much of  
the same goods the farmer has to sell.  
The price is the first and last consid-  
eration. They fix the price of what he  
sells as well as what he buys. Can  
the farmer be blamed for buying  
where he can get the best bargains?  
He wants to enjoy the same privilege  
as the merchants do. Fair play is all  
he wants.

A Business Injustice.

But did the farmer who made the  
above remarks take everything into  
consideration? Did he remember that  
while the local business men are main-  
taining markets for the farmers, assist-  
ing in making roads to these markets  
and doing all they can to help the far-  
mer, the mail order houses that have not  
a cent invested in his vicinity do not  
buy a dollar's worth of the farmer's  
crops nor contribute a cent to the wel-  
fare of the community? Yet they are  
getting a goodly portion of the local  
trade, and business men naturally feel  
that it is an injustice. It is, and the  
only way to overcome it is by ADVER-  
TISING.

Visit to Country Town.

Merchants should publish a com-  
parison of their prices with those of  
the retail catalogue houses, right them  
with their own weapons. While visit-  
ing a country town recently the writer  
under some investigations and discov-  
eries. For example, a Chicago mail  
order house was selling 100 pound  
grindstones mounted for \$3.10. The  
local merchant sold the same article  
for \$3.25; freight from Chicago, 55  
cents, making the mail order article  
cost \$3.65; seam roofing, \$2.85 in Chi-  
cago and \$2.90 from the local mer-  
chant, freight 15 cents per square to  
be added to the \$2.85, making it \$3 de-  
livered; washing machines, \$3.85  
against \$3.75, freight 25 cents to be  
added to the \$3.85. These are facts  
which every merchant can prove and  
keep right on proving all the time.

Cash at Home Too.

Local merchants will quote prices on  
goods so low that catalogue and mail  
order houses cannot duplicate them.  
But you must pay cash. Mail order  
houses demand the cash in advance.  
Why not pay the local merchant in ad-  
vance? Besides, when you buy from  
a catalogue you send your money  
away from your home town. You buy  
from a picture and wait a week or  
ten days for the goods to arrive, then  
you open up your "prize box" to see  
what you really have drawn in the  
lottery and what you have to show  
for your money. If you have drawn  
one of their "bats" you tell your  
neighbors and friends about it—in fact,  
you will tell every one about it. If  
you find, as is usually the case, that  
you were "stung" you say nothing  
about it; your lips are sealed as tight  
as death.

## PRINCESS AND REX THEATERS

**D. W. Kitchen**  
Dealer In—Books, Stationery and  
Wall Paper  
Picture Framing, Blank Books, and  
Office Supplies  
6 South Main Street.

**BUY YOUR**  
Groceries and Produce  
From  
**CLIFF CLARK**  
No. 203 E. Ninth Street.

Bring Your Junk to the new  
**JUNK MAN**  
We are paying the highest market  
price for all kinds of Junk, feathers,  
wool, roots, and furs. Cor. 8th and  
Water sts. Tel. 192. Wagon will  
call for it. H. Meyer, Prop.

**R. C. WHITE**  
**Tire and Vulcanizing Co.**  
Have Those Old Tires Repaired.  
We Guarantee Our Work.  
Firestone Tires, Tubes and Acces-  
sories.

Made a Hit.  
A stenographer has devised a novel  
way of making a hit with her employ-  
er, displaying genius that promises  
great success for her in the business  
world. When the boss dictates a let-  
ter containing a word she does not  
know how to spell she does not make  
the usual guess at it. She looks it up  
in the dictionary.—Kansas City Star.

"**BUY LAND NOW**"  
In Christian County, is the advice of  
the Home Investment Agency,  
But, "Buy It Right."  
Talk to CHAS. F. SHELTON, Mana-  
ger, Before You Buy.  
Office Court Street. South Side.

**TRY**  
**FOULKSCOAL**  
AND  
**BECOME**  
**SATISFIED**  
Tel.  
20  
Hopkins-  
ville, Ky.

**W. P. Winfree, J. W. Winfree.**  
President. Secretary.  
**W. P. WINFREE SONS CO.**  
Incorporated.  
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.  
Webber St. Back of Court House.  
Tel. No. 305-2.

**Wall & McGowan**  
The House of Good Clothes.  
Hopkinsville, Ky.

**C. W. DUCKER**  
**Carriage Manufacturer**  
Repairing Done on Short Notice.  
Rubbertiring a Specialty.

**R. B. BUTLER**  
**ELECTRIC SUPPLIES,**  
PHOENIX BUILDING,  
Hopkinsville, Ky.

**FORBES MFG. CO.**  
Incorporated.  
Contractor and Builders  
Hardware and Chim-  
Electric Wiring, Fixtures and Plum-  
bing, Mogul Wagons, Majestic Ranges.

**John McCarley**  
**Hardware and Hardware**  
**Specialties**  
Field and Garden Seed, Fertilizer,  
Buggies and Harness

**BUCK BRAND OVERALS CO.**  
(Incorporated.)  
L. D. BROWNING, Mgr.  
Hopkinsville, Ky.  
Forbes Office Building, Main Street.

**E. H. HESTER**  
**Contractor and Builder**  
Building Material  
Phones—Office 510. Residence 11040  
Office—103 South Virginia Street.  
Let Me Build Your House.

**R. S. Ambrose.**  
Lumber, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Red  
Cedar Shingles, Rubber Roofing,  
Paints and Oils. Call and get our  
estimates and lowest prices. 7th St.  
next to mill.

**Frankel's**  
**SHIRT STORE**  
INCORPORATED  
Hopkinsville, Ky.  
Every Thing You Wear.

**Dalton Brothers Brick Co.**  
Incorporated.  
Brick Manufacturers and Builders  
Two million brick for sale.  
Cement, Lime, Sand, Sewer Pipe and  
Drain Tile Fire Brick.

Feed Two Oceans.  
While making measurements of river  
flow in the upper Mississippi river bas-  
ins and in the Hudson Bay recently,  
the United States geological survey  
discovered that some of the rivers un-  
der investigation empty into the Arctic  
ocean during certain seasons and into  
the Atlantic ocean at other times.—  
Popular Science Monthly.

## L. & N.

### Time Card

Effective Apr. 15, 1917.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

No. 93—C. & N. O. Lim. 12:21 a. m.  
No. 51—St. L. Express 5:20 p. m.  
No. 95—Dixie Flyer 9:32 a. m.  
No. 55—Hopkinsville Ac. 7:00 a. m.—  
Daily (Except Sunday.)  
No. 53—St. L. Fast Mail 5:36 a. m.  
No. 91—Ev. and G. accom. 8:58 a. m.  
—Daily (Except Sunday.)

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

No. 92—C. & St. L. Lim. 5:29 a. m.  
No. 52—St. Louis Express 10:20 a. m.  
No. 94—Dixie Flyer 7:05 p. m.  
No. 56—Hopkinsville Ac. 8:55 p. m.  
—Daily (Except Sunday.)  
No. 54—St. L. Fast Mail 10:14 p. m.  
No. 90—Ev. and G. accom. 3:26 p. m.  
—Daily (Except Sunday.)

No. 51 connects at Guthrie for  
Memphis and points as far south as  
Erin, and for Louisville, Cincinnati  
and the East.

Nos. 53 and 55 make direct con-  
nection at Guthrie for Louisville,  
Cincinnati and all points north and  
east thereof.

No. 93 carries through sleepers to  
Atlanta, Macon, Jacksonville, St.  
Augustine, and Tampa, Fla. Also  
Pullman sleepers to New Orleans.  
Connect at Guthrie for points East  
and West. No. 93 will not carry lo-  
cal passengers for points north of  
Nashville, Tenn.

W. N. CHANDLER, Ticket Agent.

Test of a Good Husband.

Our position is simply this: That no  
man is a good husband who doesn't  
notice when he comes home that the  
sitting-room curtains have been moved  
to the dining-room.—Dallas News.

**Ringed Chime Bells.**  
When first introduced, chime bells  
were rung by a number of men, each  
grasping a rope from one particular  
bell and striking it at the precise mo-  
ment the leader pointed a finger at  
him for a signal. The custom origi-  
nated in Europe, and was imported into  
this country when the first chimes  
were brought over. This was shortly  
after the country's independence was  
declared, the new bells being placed  
in Trinity church, New York city. It  
required seven men to ring the seven  
bells, and it was not until 1800 that  
a plan was devised whereby one man  
alone was able to ring the bells.

**Nativity of Peach Tree.**

The peach tree is a native of Persia  
and China. It was brought to Italy  
by the Romans in the time of the  
Emperor Claudius, was cultivated in  
Europe as early as 1550 and brought  
to America about 1680. Its name is  
derived from Persico, its native coun-  
try. The ancients regarded it with  
distrust, as according to Pilley they  
supposed the king of Persia had sent it  
into Egypt to poison the inhabitants  
with whom he was at war. The Chi-  
nese have traditions of a peach tree  
of knowledge and another of immor-  
tality.

Used 40 Years  
**CARDUI**  
The Woman's Tonic  
Sold Everywhere

## A Free School

At the Avalon

January 21st and 22nd.

Be sure and come and learn how  
to get better service out of your  
tractor. This school will be con-  
ducted by practical tractor men  
who have had long experience in  
handling farm tractors.

Demonstrations will be made from tractors  
and engines themselves and special atten-  
tion will be given to instructions in repairs  
and adjustments. In addition to this an  
opportunity will be given all who come to  
ask questions on every point in which they  
are interested. **DON'T FAIL TO COME  
TO THIS SCHOOL. DON'T FORGET  
THE TIME AND PLACE.**

**Planters Hardware Co.**

Incorporated.

Hopkinsville, Ky.

## City Bank & Trust Co.

Capital . . . \$ 60,000.00  
Surplus and Profits . . . 120,000.00

Hopkinsville's Honor Roll  
Bank and Trust Co.

WITH more than thirty years  
of success in serving two  
generations of business men  
and standing for every move-  
ment to build up and better  
this community.

3 Per Cent Interest on Time Deposits.

Not Home to Get Supper, Late at Theater, but Ever Persistent in Her Important Mission.

Mrs. Biffington was on the husbands' wives' liberty bond committee, each member of which was just crazy to sell the most bonds, so of course when Biffington arrived home with the two theater tickets, she was out selling bonds to the neighbors. Biffington sent for a messenger boy to look for her, and resignedly prepared his own supper. The messenger boy returned with Mrs. Biffington shortly after eight o'clock, and Biffington told her about the tickets.

"Oh, Biff! How good! Lovely!" she cried. "I've just been longing to see 'The Kidnaped Grandmother.' Did you get yourself a nice supper? I sold \$250 worth of bonds just in our own block."

There was not much time to spare, so they started immediately. As they were about to step off the trolley, Mrs. Biffington tried to sell a bond to the matron, and by the time Biffington got her off they were 15 blocks past the theater. He called a taxi and got in. Ten minutes later he looked out to see what was keeping Mrs. Biffington. She was trying to sell a bond to the chauffeur.

At the theater, she had a detaining hand on her husband as he was about to give up the tickets.

"Oh, wait a minute, Biff!" she said. "I must try to sell a bond to this doorman!"

Biffington watched her try for 20 minutes. Then, pinning her ticket on her sleeve, he went inside in time for the last ten minutes of the last act.

#### NO REASON TO COMPLAIN



The Actor—Here, I don't want this part. If I play it I'll have to die in the first act.

The Manager—Well, what are you kicking about? You die a natural death, don't you? If you got a chance to come on in the second act you'd get killed.

#### GROUPS OF WEAK-MINDED.

The feeble-minded may be divided into three large groups: First, the class of idiots who measure up roughly to the age of one year in intelligence; second, a group approximating in mental age five or six years; third, a group of morons whose psychological age is ten or twelve years. The New York Medical Journal remarks that instead of these three groups, with large gaps between, one would expect "a scale running by almost imperceptible gradations from one year to the adult. We might expect the initial impulses when weak to carry the individual up to one of a score of points along the sub-normal scale rather than halt him at one of only three stopping places." And the editor calls upon psychiatrists to explain this pretty problem.

#### AGAINST THE RULE.

The Huns' latest crime, murdering merchant seamen by man-of-war the same as by U-boat, led Labor Secretary Wilson to say at Atlantic City:

"The Germans think their method will win. Their method will never win, but even if it were a winner, it would be exactly like the method of Smith."

"I've discovered a labor-saving device," said Smith, "which is going to make me a rich man."

"Yes?" said his listener. "And in what does this device consist?"

"In poisoning," Smith replied, "my millionaire grandmother."

#### AN EXACTING PATRONESS.

"Is your wife happier since she got the vote?"

"Of course," replied Mr. Meekton.

"But I want to tell the government that if it expects to keep Henrietta interested in the ballot, it'll have to see that the people she votes for are elected, every time."

## THE DEAD PAST

By CECILLE LANGDON.

(Copyright, 1917, by Cecille Langdon.)

"I am glad you have found a friend at your new place of work, Roland," said Mrs. Vincent.

"He's a good friend, too," replied Roland Vincent. "It was awful strange and awkward the first day or two, for, you see, I knew nobody among my fellow workers, and it didn't much like school. I thought they would say I didn't do when I blundered and made mistakes half a dozen times. Then my new friend, who has charge of the stock room, spoke to me and told me to see him at the lunch hour."

"What is his name, Roland?" inquired Mrs. Vincent.

"Robert Leigh. He is a queer acting man, hardly ever speaks to anybody, but has been so kind and helpful to me."

It got to be so finally that Roland visited Mr. Leigh regularly once a week. When he did so, he remained (all after ten o'clock at night.

"It's just jolly," Roland told his mother repeatedly. "Mr. Leigh has a gas stove and a regular housekeeping outfit. He gets up a meal about as fine as yours, mother, and that's saying a lot. Then he clears the table and washes the dishes, and goes over what I have read for the week. I am learning so much, mother."

"Does he ever smoke or drink, or play cards, or that like?" questioned Mrs. Vincent anxiously.

"Oh, never that," replied Roland, quickly. "He has a cabinet of curiosities. Once, a long time ago, he says he knew all sorts of men, for he was doing some detective work. In his cabinet he has the rope that langed a notorious murderer and a knife with which a foreign prince was assassinated. He showed me last night a trick gambling outfit, and proved to me the friends employed to defraud gambling victims. It was so interesting."

Mrs. Vincent's eyes dilated. She seized Roland's arm with a trembling hand.

"Oh, my son! my son!" She spoke in so intense a tone that Roland viewed her in wonder, "promise me never, never to touch a card!"

"Don't worry about that," returned Roland at once. "Anybody hearing Mr. Leigh tell what gambling leads to would never do so."

"I wish you would ask Mr. Leigh to tell some evening, Roland," said Mrs. Vincent. "We must return his courtesies in some way."

"I did once," explained Roland, "but he said he never went anywhere. I do wish you could meet him, though. He seems interested in anything that concerns me. You know, I could not tell him much," and Roland glanced closely at his mother, and then at a framed photograph on the wall.

Always he had believed that counterfeited presentment of an austere, dignified looking man to be that of the father he could not remember. She became strangely agitated.

"Roland," she said, "I have taught you from childhood to regard your father as dead to us."

"But not really dead, mother," persisted Roland.

"At all events lost to the world and to me," continued Mrs. Vincent. "I forbid you ever to mention his name again!" Mrs. Vincent broke down in tears and hurried from the room.

One evening Roland came home in a great state of excitement. He was earlier than usual, and his animated face told that he was stirred up. "Mother, I guess our good luck has come!" he cried buoyantly. "What do you think? The house is going to be a hotel. In Rio de Janeiro, and Mr. Leigh is to take charge of it at a big salary. He says he has been working for the promotion for years, and he has the privilege of appointing his own assistants, and he says if we will remove to Brazil he will start me in as his chief clerk at four times the salary I am now getting."

Mrs. Vincent had been dusting the furniture and wall hangings when Roland came in, and now she listened to him, duster suspended.

"Won't you come and call upon him with me?" urged Roland. "Maybe you would consent to move to Brazil after hearing Mr. Leigh tell of the great business prospect it would be for me."

"Yes," assented Mrs. Vincent, after a moment of thought. "I think we had better have a talk with him together. There is the door bell," and she left the room. As she passed into the hall she struck the cord suspending the time-honored photograph. Frame and all came to the floor with a crash. Two photographs fell out upon the carpet. As the under one caught the eye of Roland, he uttered a quick ejaculation. It was Mr. Leigh!

"Father!" he said simply, extending his hand and looked appealingly into the eyes of the other.

"You know, then—" began Mr. Leigh.

"Only that you must be the father I have longed to know. Oh, tell me all!"

And then the veil of mystery that had so long hung over the past of the devoted family was drawn aside. Born with the instincts of a gambler, Alan Vincent had risked his own fortune and that of his wife in a venturesome speculation, and had lost. Grieved, the wife had resentfully abandoned him, and he had become a wanderer under an assumed name. But now he had repented of his misdoings and had conquered the temptation.

A reconciliation begot confidence, and under the Brazilian skies they all began life over again.

## FARM STOCK

### SELLING BREEDERS FOR MEAT

Officials of Department of Agriculture Declare Situation Threatens to Be Serious.

Breeding stocks of hogs are being depleted by the selling off of breeding animals for meat, the prices offered for pork on the hoof and the high cost of feed leading many growers to take this step. Officials of the United States department of agriculture



Boar of Good Type.

ture declare that the situation is already critical and threatens to become very serious if the country continues to be drained of its hogs. Hogs furnish meat more quickly and cheaply than other stock can; the meat shortage, therefore, can most readily be met by swine production.

#### COST OF MAINTAINING HERD

Serious Problem Confronting Cattle Producers, Says Doctor McCampbell of Kansas College.

A serious problem that confronts the cattle producer is the cost of maintaining a breeding herd, according to Dr. C. W. McCampbell, associate professor of animal husbandry in the Kansas State Agricultural college.

With the judicious use of straw, silage and cottonseed meal the problem becomes less perplexing. In periods of normal prices, cows at the Kansas Agricultural Experiment station that were receiving silage and cotton seed with other roughages such as straw, and kaffir butts, were maintained during the winter months at a cost slightly less than four cents a day and were in thrifty condition when turned to pasture in the spring. Maintaining a cow herd when properly managed is profitable.

#### HOG IS GOOD CORN HUSKER

Animals Make More Gain From Corn When They Gather It Themselves—Labor Is Saved.

The pigs are good corn huskers and they will pay for being so too. Experiments have shown that pigs make more pounds of gain from corn when they gather it themselves than when it is husked and fed to them. It takes at least one day for a man and team to husk an acre of corn, so that every acre that the pigs take care of saves that much labor. Squaw corn is very satisfactory for hogging down in North Dakota. It ripens early, so the pigs can start on it sooner than any other variety. An acre of corn that will yield 30 bushels will be sufficient for feeding six spring pigs two months.—Extension Department, North Dakota Agricultural College.

#### AMPLE EXERCISE FOR SWINE

Fattening Hog Should Be Limited to Run of Half an Acre to Keep Appetite Sharp.

Fattening hogs make the greatest gains when they have just enough exercise to keep their appetite sharp. A fattening hog should be limited to a run of half an acre, and 25 fattening hogs kept on this area will do better than a great number. The pigs should be sorted to lots of even size and age, and no matter how many are being fattened, not over 25 should be allowed to run together. Brood sows should not be kept with the fattening hogs. The feeding should be done at regular hours, two or three times a day—three times is the better—and give only just what they will eat up clean.

#### FEEDS FOR WINTERING EWES

Sheep Will Thrive on Less Grain Than Is Needed for Any Other Class of Live Stock.

Sheep can be successfully wintered with a smaller use of grain than is needed for other live stock. If in good condition at the beginning of winter and given the right kind of hay they can be carried through the winter without grain unless the lambs are to be dropped before going to pasture. All depends upon the kind of hay or other roughage used.

Three coal mines within the city of Henderson are running full capacity 18 0 tons daily including Sundays.

Spending of money, X. Y. Wickersham, lives at Mayfield.

The public schools of Louisville are closed this week and the time will be made up in June.

The Mayfield Times announces that it will sell 100 life subscriptions for \$5 each, the money to be used to buy linotypes.

Six men were killed on the U. S. S. Michigan during a heavy gale, by the falling of a mast.

The country's population on Jan. 1 was estimated at 105,006,000.

The per capita circulation is now \$48.76.

12,000 Eastern Kentucky miners worked last Sunday.

103,000 Austrian workmen in Vienna have struck, closing war factories. Berlin is blamed for continuing the war.

Fish is one of the best winter foods.

Soap and tepid water will remove chocolate stains.

Fresh cauliflower is creamy white and feels heavy.

Pastry can be made from coconut oil instead of lard.

Milk, fruit and vegetables are the last articles to save on.

#### Catarhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarhal, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists. T. C. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

## Indiana Silo



The Silo that gives you one hundred per cent food value. Made of California long pine and red wood, also Oregon fur.

SOLD BY

Robertson & Co., Adams, Tenn.

A Kaffir is a good reason for the cook to keep it neat.

War bread can be made either with or without potatoes.

Use other fats as far as possible instead of butter in cooking.

Sweets made from honey should be as far as possible encouraged.

## CHICAGO MARKETS.

(Furnished by Whitefield Bros., Odd Fellows Bldg.)

Jan. 21, 1918.

Corn—					
Jan. ....	127 1/2	127 1/2	127 1/2	127 1/2	
May ....	123 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2	
Oats—					
Jan. ....	79 1/2	80 1/2	79 1/2	80 1/2	
May ....	76 1/2	77 1/2	76 1/2	77 1/2	
Pork—					
May ....	45.60	45.80	45.60	45.75	
Lard—					
May ....	25.02	25.10	24.90	24.90	
Ribs—					
May ....	24.45	24.45	24.35	24.35	

#### Got Impatient.

W. A. P'Pool left his horse standing in the snow while he went into a house for a few minutes Tuesday and the animal, a big bay, became impatient and kicked loose from the vehicle and went down town dragging the harness.



Hardwick's Glasses FOR COMFORT R. C. Hardwick Co.

Closed For To-Day Will Open Tomorrow Morning

We are in hearty accord with THE PRESIDENT AND FUEL ADMINISTRATOR and will gladly place the above sign on our front door,

Monday, Jan. 21st, At 12 O'clock.

Your business will be appreciated. Kindly let's have your order early.

W. T. Cooper & Co.

## Thank You -- Thank You

We wish to thank our friends for their appreciated liberal patronage during the year 1917 and ask a continuation of your business during 1918.

We want you to take advantage of some special bargains in Stoves, Heaters, Ranges and China now being offered at our Stove and China Store.

People are beginning to appreciate the fact that dollars are saved by doing business at our Stove and China Store. Join our saving club. Buy a Majestic Range and help Hoover.

Again thanking you and wishing you a Banner 1918.

Respectfully

FORBES MFG CO.

Incorporated

# LABORERS

## Imported From Porto Rico and The Virgin Islands.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Arrangements for the early transportation of 40,000 common laborers to the United States from Porto Rico are being made by the employment service of the department of labor. As soon as tonnage is available 60,000 others will be brought from Porto Rico and the Virgin Islands, sufficient, the department announced today, to take care of any shortage in the domestic supply of railroad and agricultural workers.

Director General McAdoo has asked the employment service to assist in supplying the railroads with labor for maintenance and shop work. The first men imported will be sent to the south and southwest for railroad work with the understanding that they will be released for farm service during the press of the agricultural season.

### Removal

Dr. T. W. Perkins has moved his office from the Cherokee Building to rooms over the City Bank, formerly occupied by Dr. E. N. Fruit, the dentist.

### Kindness Necessary.

We can dispense with a great many qualities in the people we love. It is not necessary for them to be brilliant of wit or witty or rich or beautiful. But we cannot imagine loving anyone who is incapable of kindness. That is the characteristic we cannot do without.—Exchange.



**HARDWICK'S GLASSES**  
FOR LOOKS  
R. C. Hardwick Co.

# NEGRO TROOPS

## 75,000 Colored Men Called Into Army by Selective-Service Law.

Eight per cent of the 9,586,508 men registered under the selective service law are colored. Of these nearly 209,000 have been called and more than 75,000 have been certified for service.

Out of every 100 colored men called, 36 were certified for service and 64 were rejected, exempted, or discharged, while out of every 100 white citizens called, 25 were certified for service.

### Kerensky Men Killed.

A. I. Shingaroff, minister of finance in the Kerensky cabinet, and Prof. F. F. Kokoshkine, made comptroller under Kerensky, were murdered in their beds Monday night in the marine hospital at Petrograd.

### Corporal Roberts Killed.

General Pershing reports that Corporal Walter Roberts, of Hartline, Washington, was killed in action Sunday. He also reports six deaths from disease among his men.

### Named For Middy.

Representative Kinchee has nominated Ben G. Waller of Morganfield, Ky., as principal at Annapolis naval academy.

### Fair Warning.

In the reign of Charles II a certain worthy divine at Whitehall thus addressed himself to the auditory at the conclusion of his sermon: "In short, if you don't live up to the precepts of the gospel, but abandon yourselves to your irregular appetites, you must expect to receive your reward in a certain place which 'tis not good manners to mention here."—Lancet.

# MANY FAIL.

## Defective Eyes Cause Men First Passed to be Rejected at Camps.

Examination of the records of 19,000 men passed for military service by local boards and then rejected by camp surgeons show that nearly 22 per cent of the final rejections were caused by defective eyes.

Teeth were responsible for 8.50 per cent; hernia, 7.47 per cent; ear, 5.94 per cent; heart disease, 5.87 per cent; tuberculosis, 5.37 per cent.

Attempts to evade military duty by deception regarding physical condition were very few.

# PURELY PERSONAL.

Mrs. Lucien Lowler and children are visiting in Clarksville.

Mrs. W. R. Wood and daughter, of Altamont, Tenn., are guests of Mrs. May Robb.

Rev. G. C. Abbitt is attending the annual meeting of the Council of the Episcopal church in Louisville.

G. L. Campbell and Lee Oldham returned yesterday from a trip to Tampa, Fla.

Dr. J. A. Schmidt, who had been making his home in Wisconsin for the past two years, has returned to this city to reside.

# Consolation.

A young probationer was preaching his trial sermon in a church in one of the inland villages of Scotland. After finishing the "discourse," he leaned over the pulpit and engaged in silent prayer, an act which surprised the congregation, who were unaccustomed to such procedure. Suddenly the young preacher felt someone slapping him gently on the shoulder, and on turning around he beheld the deacon, who said: "Hoot, mon, dinna tak' it sue mickle to heart; ye'll maybe doo better next time."

### Depend on Her.

Mistress (to cook):—"I have some friends coming to dinner today, Mary, so I want you to do your very best." Cook:—"You can depend upon me, marm; I've got some friends of me own comin'!"

# RELEASE MEN

## 31 YEARS OLD

### Those Who Passed Age Limit Since June 5 To Be Exempt.

Washington, Jan. 23.—Secretary Baker has advised the Senate Military committee that the War department favors discharging from draft liability men who have passed the age of thirty-one since registering on June 5, 1917, and without having been called to the colors.

# Making Good.

Lyman Richardson, who left this city several years ago as a boy and located at Riverside, Cal., was admitted to the bar last fall and now will come to the bar here elected judge of probate.

# Lynched With Fire.

Hazlehurst, Miss.—A mob of several hundred residents of Hazlehurst took Sam Edwards, a negro accused of the murder of 17-year-old Vera Williams, from the jail here Jan. 16 and burned him to death.

# Etiquette.

There is an ancient saying that "One should never speak of a rope to a man whose father was hanged," and there is a great deal implied in those few words. In effect, it meant that subjects of conversation should be carefully introduced where persons present are not known to a certain extent; that is, that nothing untoward has happened, publicly, at least, that would make any unusual subject apply too openly to anyone especially.

# Reopen Norway's Mines.

The introduction of electrical processes has made it profitable to reopen lead and silver mines in Norway that have been closed more than 40 years.

**DR. BEAZLEY**  
---SPECIALIST---  
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

# Don't Fail to Attend

# C. R. Clark & Co's

# \$

# Big Dollar Sale

---OF---

# Absolute Necessities

# TO-DAY

WE STRETCH YOUR DOLLARS  
**C. R. Clark & Company**  
Incorporated  
Wholesale and Retail Grocers

### Sell Wood by Pound.

Circassian walnut is sold by the pound or the ton and not by the foot. As early as 110 B. C. it was introduced into Italy from Persia. Russia is the chief source of Circassian walnut. The logs are so heavy that they will not float, and are sold from the forest with their bark on. Only the heart of the wood is used, and it is the crooked, irregular logs that possess the best figured wood. Even very old trees rarely have a clear length of more than ten feet.

### Mushroom, First Plant.

The mushroom in form of a slime fold was the first plant to evolve on earth. The algae plants of the first seas thrust out a fungus on land to draw minerals from the overhanging rocks. On this primitive fungus lichens evolved and the three plants interfered each other, three hundred million years ago and today. Later, true mushrooms evolved, at first with small cups, forming the first food supply for the later arriving living creatures.



**HARDWICK'S GLASSES**  
Comfort  
AND  
Security  
R. C. HARDWICK CO.

# THE KENTUCKIAN

## WILL BE ISSUED AS A

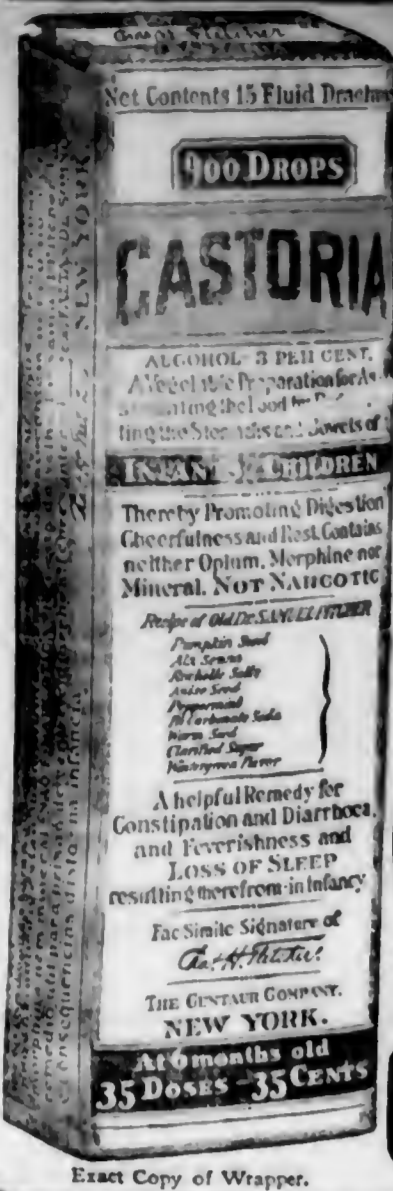
# MORNING DAILY

## ON OR ABOUT

# FEBRUARY 10, 1918

## Every Day Except Monday. With latest

## Telegraphic News.



**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
Mothers Know That  
Genuine Castoria  
Always  
Bears the  
Signature  
of  
*Dr. J. C. Fletcher*  
In  
Use  
For Over  
Thirty Years  
**CASTORIA**

**Tablets of Stone.**  
The library of the School of the Sons of the Empire, an ancient Chinese university which, it is said, was in existence a thousand years before Christian era, comprises 182 tablets of stone, whereon are carved all the "13 classics," the essence of Chinese culture.

**Clean Water Bottles.**  
When the water bottle becomes lined with a sediment from the water, an easy way to remove it is by putting a teaspoonful of hydrochloric acid with a little water in the bottle. The glass will be perfectly clear in a few minutes.

Bring All of  
Your  
Prescriptions  
to Us  
for the Best  
Attention



### Greatest Care — Lowest Prices

We take exceptional pride in our prescription department.

The purest drugs—the greatest skill and care in compounding them—the honest adherence to every instruction—are all absolutely necessary to give you exactly what the doctor has directed.

Your life may be endangered by the slightest mistake. So go where you know your prescription will be handled in an absolutely scientific and proper manner.

We give prompt attention to all prescriptions. Thus you do away with needless delay.

**J. O. COOK**  
DRUGGIST

### GREAT DAMAGE FROM FLOODS

Most Disastrous Overflow in England Occurred in 1912; in France in 1916; U. S. in 1889 and 1913.

We in this country have experienced nothing like the floods which have taken place in other countries, says a London correspondent. Perhaps the most disastrous flood which has happened in England occurred in 1913, when East Anglia was partially submerged. No less than \$35,000,000 worth of damages was done to the districts round Norwich, Ipswich, Nottingham and Leicester, and nearly 100,000 people were driven from their homes.

France has had more than its share of deluges. Most of us remember the fearful Paris floods of 1910 when the Seine overflowed, causing over \$30,000,000 damage. Again, in 1875, large tracts of land around Paris were submerged and damage to the extent of \$15,000,000 done.

Uncle Sam, too, has suffered very badly from floods, the most disastrous being the famous Johnstown floods of 1889. Heavy rains caused a sudden rise of the Susquehanna river and its tributaries, with the result that numerous prosperous towns and villages on the western slope of the Alleghenies for 40 miles around were completely devastated. Six thousand persons lost their lives, including 1,500 burned to death at Johnstown, where the iron furnaces set fire to the driftwood and buildings.

In March, 1913, an appalling disaster of flood, fire and storm overwhelmed Indiana and Ohio, resulting in the death of 7,000 people, while 250,000 were rendered homeless; \$10,000,000 worth of damage was done in a few hours. Two years previously a dam burst over Austin, Pa., resulting in the destruction of the town and the death of 4,000 of the inhabitants.

### ONE OR T'OTHER



He—Now that you've refused me, I'll join the army and go down to war.

She—And get shot?

He—Either that, or I'll go right out now and get half shot.

**Chance for a Genius.**  
Inventor—"Do you want to buy my newly patented bullet-proof vest?"  
Financier—"No; but I'd be interested in a soup-proof vest."—Puck.

### CASTORIA

For Infants and Children  
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears  
the  
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*

### THE MARKET BASKET

(Prices at Retail)

Eggs per dozen..... 60c  
Butter per pound..... 60c  
Breakfast bacon, pound..... 65c  
Hacon, extras, pound..... 38c  
Country hams, large, pound..... 35c  
Country hams, small, pound..... 35c  
Lard, pure leaf, pound..... 35c  
Lard, 50 lb. tins..... \$13.50  
Lard, compound, pound..... 30c  
Cabbage, per pound..... 15c  
Irish potatoes..... 60c per peck  
Sweet potatoes..... 60c  
Lemons, per dozen..... 30c  
Cheese, cream, per lb..... 40c  
Flour, 24-lb sack..... \$1.50  
Cornmeal, bushel..... \$2.00  
Oranges, per dozen 30c to..... 50c  
Cooking Apples per peck..... 40c  
Onions per pound..... 20c  
Navy beans, pound..... 20c  
Black-eyed peas..... 15c

### Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

A True Pioneer.  
Felling trees which he helped to plant eighty years ago is the unique experience of a man in Devonshire who is within three years of reaching the century mark.

### McCALL'S

MAGAZINE

Fashion

Authority

For Nearly 50 Years

Join the 1,200,000 women who turn to McCALL'S every month for correct fashion, for patterns, for economical buying, for fine needlework, for good stories—for pleasure, for help, for style.



SEND A POSTAL CARD AND ASK FOR SAMPLE COPY of McCALL'S or \$5.00 PIV. MONEY Order to Women, or List of GIFTS given without cost, or PIVOTAL Offer to Buy and Give, or latest PATTERN CATALOGUE, or the Cash Offer to AGENTS, or \$5.00 PIVOTAL Offer to your CLUB.

THE McCALL CO., 236-250 West 37th Street, New York, N. Y.

### Time Over a New Leaf

By subscribing  
for THIS PAPER

### If You Want

**RESULTS**

YOU can get them by advertising in this paper. It reaches the best class of people in this community.

Use this paper if you want some of their business.

### Use This Paper

Respected by Somebody.  
Each man is a hero and an oracle to somebody, and to that person whatever he says has an enchanted value.—Emerson.

## RAISE MORE POULTRY

Our meat supply is short and more poultry will help solve the problem. More poultry means more eggs and more eggs and poultry meat means a greater food supply. Poultry can be raised at lower cost and brought to maturity quicker than any other kind of live stock.

### On Farms and in Back Yards

**HOUSE** the flock comfortably; keep houses dry and well ventilated, allowing plenty of fresh air and sunshine.

Remodel the old house—stop cracks and eliminate drafts.

Give hens a good straw litter to scratch in during the winter months.

**EARLY** hatched pullets produce more winter eggs and return the greatest profits. Early hatched chicks have the advantage of a longer and better growing season.

Hot weather retards the growth of young chicks.

**NEVER** allow the mother hen to range with the young chicks until they are at least two weeks old.

Enormous numbers of young chicks are lost each year by allowing them to run in the wet grass during their early life.

**SHADE** and range for chickens will give the best results. Hot sun retards growth. There should be trees, corn, sunflowers, etc., on the range to provide shade during the hot summer months.

Chickens on range pick up much of their food.

**ELIMINATE** the male bird at end of hatching season.

Fifteen million dollars is lost each year by allowing the rooster to run with hens during the summer months. Produce the infertile egg. Dispose of the male bird not later than June 1. Market a better quality of egg.

**GREEN** feed is excellent for poultry and can be substituted for a considerable amount of grain ration. Grow oats, vetch, and rape for summer use; cabbage and mangel beets for winter. Store cabbage and beets in a dry room or bury in a pit and cover with straw and earth.

**GREATEST** returns are procured by feeding sour milk or buttermilk to both young and old birds. Results in greater gains. Will require less grain. Produces more egg. Increases the profits.

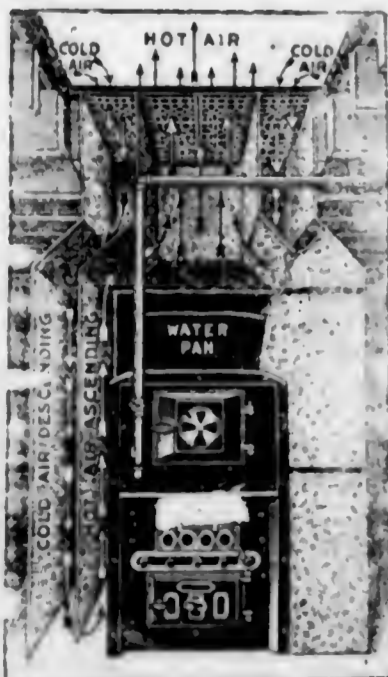
Makes a home market for waste by-products.

**SAVE** eggs during April and May for winter use by preserving in waterglass. Mix 9 quarts of water, boiled and cooled, with 1 quart of waterglass. Will preserve 15 dozen eggs.

Place the solution in a 5-gallon jar. Store in cool place for winter use.

### More Eggs and Poultry Will Save Beef and Pork

For published information and individual advice on poultry raising write to your County Agent, State Agricultural College, or to the U. S. Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Animal Industry WASHINGTON, D. C.



## The Leader

All steel heating outfit, is lined with fire brick and is guaranteed for 15 years. It is built like the locomotive on the railroad for long service. It sends the soft warm air through the room and right back to the heater, the germs being killed as the air passes over heating drum. The air is continually renewed with moisture from evaporating pan arranged for that purpose. You would have to breathe quick to breathe the same air twice in succession. Let me plan your basement, do all excavating, put in concrete

floor and walls, install heating plant that is right up to-the-minute. The Leader has stood the test of 40 years.

PHONE 476

**J. H. DAGG**

# PUBLIC ROADS

## DRAG PREPARES GOOD ROADS

Length and Position of Hitch, and Position of Driver-Are of Much Importance.

By H. L. THOMPSON, Oklahoma Experiment Station, Stillwater.

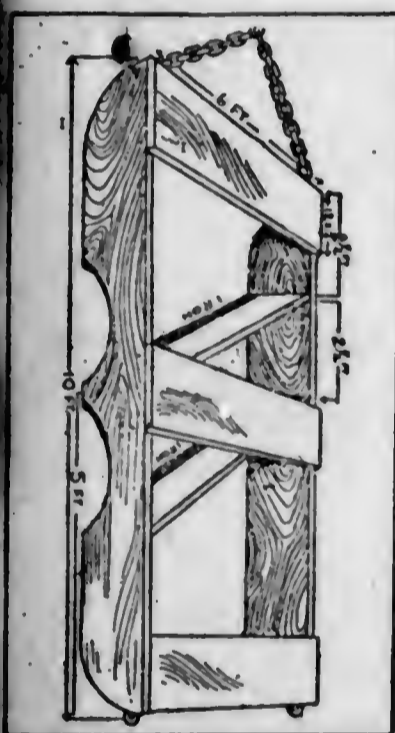
The successful handling of the drag depends on two principles. These are the length and position of the hitch, and the position of the driver on the drag.

For ordinary work the clevis should be fastened far enough on the chain toward the ditch end of the blade to force the unloaded drag to follow the team at about an angle of 45 degrees. This will cause the earth to move smoothly along the face of the drag and will make the draft light on the team, provided the driver rides in the line of draft. If small weeds are to be cut, or if the furrow of earth in the ditch is to be moved, the hitch should be attached rather close on the chain to the ditch end of the drag. This will cause the drag to move nearly directly forward. The driver should put his weight on the extreme forward end of the front blade, which will make the drag swing back to the proper angle and make the blade plow.

For such work the team should be driven slowly and carefully to keep the drag from dipping forward. If a wet spot is met, the driver should shift his weight backward so as not to dig too deeply. If the blade becomes clogged with straw or weeds it can be made to clean itself usually if the driver shifts his weight as far as possible from the ditch end of the blade. If there is a low place or a mudhole to be filled the drag can be made to drop its load of earth if the driver shifts his weight quickly from the ditch end.

The distance from the drag to which the team is hitched affects the depth of cutting. A long hitch causes the blade to cut deeper and is used often when a rough road is to be smoothed up. Shortening the chain seems to lift the furrow blade from the ground and makes lighter cutting when doing light smoothing work.

For a new road with lumps and holes the three-blade steel drag is excellent, as it carries considerable earth and will not drop into the ruts or holes as badly as a two-blade drag. However, it usually requires four horses. The team should ride the whole distance, going up one wheel track and



Road Drag Is Not Costly.

back the other. It is a mistake to try to improve too wide a strip at one time. The best work can be done by the drag when the soil is moist, but not sticky, so the earth will move freely along the face of the blades. If the roadway is very badly rutted it may be well to drag it when the earth is wet. This is particularly true just before a spell of cold weather in which it is possible to have a road smooth.

After considerable dragging frequently become too high in the center. This can be corrected by dragging the earth away from the center once and toward the center twice. The road drag is only good in clay or similar soils, as its effectiveness depends on the smearing action which it has and by means of which it can make a water-tight coat. The sand road will be injured by crowding it toward the center and dragging because the sand road needs all the moisture it can hold, and a crown will drain this moisture away.

### Follow Test Directions.

One reason why people do not get better results from testing is that they do not follow directions. They try to make a short cut to save time, but sacrifice thereby accuracy in the test.

### Call for Dairy Cattle.

The call for dairy cattle is more money making than the demand for beef cattle.

### Hog Weather.

A hog doesn't mind cold weather, if you don't.

## Save The Hens.

Every pullet and young hen sold for food this winter means a reduction of from five to twelve dozen eggs in the potential egg supply of next spring and summer. Hundreds of thousands of farmers who have not raised poultry will do so next spring and summer—responding to the demand for more chickens and eggs so that beef and pork will be released to help win the war. They will need young hens.

The United States Department of Agriculture urges the saving of fowls of producing qualities, so that they may be used for stock in the early spring.

More chickens and more eggs will release more meat for our armies and the allies. They can not get our chickens and our eggs—we can, and like to eat them.

Poultry can be increased more rapidly and more economically than any of the meat animals.

Chickens will live largely, grow and prosper, on waste that never otherwise would be of use, and will eat the bugs, particularly orchard pests, before they have had opportunity to do great harm.

Chickens require a minimum of attention. Most of it can be given by women and children. No heavy labor is required.

Chickens will help win the war.

### DICKENS FAMILY PROVISION.

Election of Henry Fielding Dickens, son of Charles Dickens, the novelist, by the Aldermen of the city of London to the office of common sergeant, which carries with it a salary of \$15,000 a year, will cause gratification to many admirers of his father in America, says the Richmond Times-Dispatch. It is true that the versatile caricaturist made a lot of fun of our institutions when they were in a crude state, and there was a time when his burlesques of our boasted business progressiveness were not well relished, but he was master of a form of humor which appealed irresistibly to the American sense of the ludicrous, and so he was forgiven. Of late years, stories of the poverty of his descendants caused grief in this country, which will be relieved at the news of his son's good fortune.

### ELABORATE WAR MEMORIAL.

One of the finest war memorials in the world is to be erected in Egypt by Australian soldiers as a tribute to their comrades who have fallen in Egypt and Palestine. Every Australian soldier there has subscribed \$1.25. The memorial will consist of a broken column of great size, to be placed on the bank of the Suez canal. New Zealanders will erect a similar monument at Bir-el-Abl, where many of their comrades fell during the Romani battle.

### AND PANGS OF INDIGESTION.

The tendency to abandon public dinners in the interests of food economy will be gratefully welcomed by those who have long suffered the pangs of after-dinner oratory.—Philadelphia Ledger.

## Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

### Hot Water Drinking.

A stomach cleansing treatment is often just as important as a rest for the organ, says Wm. Eastman in Physical Culture. The best ordinary method of stomach cleansing is the drinking of a considerable amount of hot water. Not too hot. Just hot enough so that you can drink it with fair rapidity and take a considerable amount into the stomach in a short time. If you will drink a cup of hot water every five minutes until two quarts or more have been consumed, the result will be unfailing.

## HARDWICK

DON'T SEND YOUR DIAMONDS AWAY--WE  
BUILD UP THE PRONGS (Gold or Platinum)  
AND DELIVER THE GOODS THE SAME DAY.

## HARDWICK

### Institutional Treatment of Tuberculosis

means that the patient is given constant attention; that the regime which is found to be best adapted to the case is rigidly adhered to; that a resident physician is at hand all of the time, studying the case and adapting the treatment to it; that nursing service is the best. All of these things mean improvement, greater comfort and possible recovery. Hazelwood is operated without profit by the Louisville Anti-Tuberculosis Association. Rates \$12.50 a week. Write for detailed information.

### Hazelwood Sanatorium

Station E DR. O. L. MILLER, Physician in Charge LOUISVILLE, KY

## ADWELL BROS.

### TIN WORK OF ALL KINDS

Roofing, Guttering and Repairing.

Plat Bed Steam Boxes.

Country Work a Specialty.

HOPKINSVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Rear I. O. O. F. Building.

## THE THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION OF THE NEW YORK WORLD

IN 1917

Practically a Daily at the price of a Weekly. No other newspaper in the world gives so much at so low a price.

The value and need of a newspaper in the household was never greater than at the present time. We have been forced to enter the great world war, and a large army of ours is already in France. You will want to have all the news from our troops on European battle-fields, and 1918 promises to be the most momentous year in the history of the universe.

No other newspaper at so small a price will furnish such prompt and accurate news of these world-shaking events. It is not necessary to say more.

THE THRICE-A-WEEK WORLD'S regular subscription price is \$1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and the

HOPKINSVILLE KENTUCKIAN (Tri-weekly) together for one year for \$2.65. The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$3.00.

### Wasting Her Time.

"What do you think of a man who would spend his evening with his arm around the back of a girl's chair?" "Looks like wasting the girl's time. I'd let him spend the evening with the chair."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

### Straw as Food.

Both wheat and barley straw were used by the ancient Hebrews, chiefly as fodder for the horses, cattle and camels (Genesis 24:25; 1 Kings 4:28; Isaiah 11:7; Job 25). There is no indication that straw was used for litter.

## Electric Heater

- " Iron
- " Machine Motor
- " Stove
- " Vacuum Cleaner
- " Portable
- " Fixtures
- " Curling Iron
- " Hot Pad
- " Lights FOR Home

Telephone 361-2

Baugh Electric Co.

THE VALUE  
of well-printed  
neat-appearing  
stationery as a  
means of getting and  
holding desirable business  
has been amply  
demonstrated. Consult  
us before going  
elsewhere

### Daily Thought.

True courage is like a bite; a cowardly wind raises it higher.—J. Pettit Benn.

## MANAGEMENT OF BOAR IS IMPORTANT WORK



MOST VALUABLE ANIMAL IN SWINE HERD.

(From the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The management of the boar is a very important part in the raising of strong, healthy pigs and one which is sometimes neglected. He should be the most valuable animal in the whole herd, and as such deserves the best of attention. The boar should be purchased from a breeder of purebred hogs when between eight months and one year of age. Many breeders, however, purchase a boar when a year and a pig, but to be successful in this line requires a wide experience and sound judgment. Aged boars, which have proved their worth, should be purchased at a reasonable price. It is much safer to purchase a boar bred to lay an early litter than a young boar bred to lay a late litter. The boar should be kept in a clean, dry, well-ventilated place, and should be fed on a diet of good quality feed. He should be kept in a clean, dry, well-ventilated place, and should be fed on a diet of good quality feed.

They may be brought to the boar's pen for service. This is a much better plan than permitting the boar to run with the herd, because by this method an accurate record can be kept to indicate when the sow will farrow, or if she did not breed, when she may be expected to be in heat a second time. It also permits of one boar serving many sows in a season for the sow may be removed from the paddock as soon as bred. By following this practice, an owner of 50 or 60 sows may be able to produce a large number of pigs in a much shorter time than could be bred by any other method. The time of time between the parturition of one litter and the next of the sow is 21 days. In the case of the boar, a boar should be kept in the paddock and the sow should be removed when she is in heat. When the sow is in heat, the boar should be kept in the paddock and the sow should be removed when she is in heat.

The boar should be kept in a clean, dry, well-ventilated place, and should be fed on a diet of good quality feed. He should be kept in a clean, dry, well-ventilated place, and should be fed on a diet of good quality feed. He should be kept in a clean, dry, well-ventilated place, and should be fed on a diet of good quality feed. He should be kept in a clean, dry, well-ventilated place, and should be fed on a diet of good quality feed.

### Care When Not in Service.

The rest of the year the boar should not be fed so heavily, and should have a wider ration, that is, one containing less of the protein concentrates and relatively more corn. The ration at this time is practically the same as that fed the brood sow when she is not producing a litter of pigs. He should have the run of a pasture a quarter of an acre in area in connection with his paddock. Here he can exercise and obtain much of his feed from the forage, or in the winter when the forage is consumed he may be fed on alfalfa or clover hay in connection with the grain ration. Keep the boar healthy, give him exercise, plenty of rough feed, and keep him in condition by varying his supply of grain. Under such conditions little trouble will be experienced in getting a normal boar to produce large litters of strong, healthy pigs.

## FEEDS FOR DAIRYING

High Prices Cause Farmers and Owners to Hesitate.

Kafr, Silage and Alfalfa Hay Make Nearly Balanced Ration for Cows.—Grain Needed for Heavy Milk Producers.

By A. C. FAIR, Department of Farming, Oklahoma A. and M. College, Stillwater.

Farmers and owners of dairy cows are hesitating over the high price of feeds, and are wondering if there is any profit in dairying under these conditions. The farmer cannot do any thing more profitable than to keep the cows. The nation and the state need dairy products—the best of all foods.

Cows can be profitably kept even at present high prices of feeds. Kafr, silage and alfalfa hay make nearly a balanced ration for dairy cows. One ton of alfalfa hay per cow, along with good silage, should keep her in milk flow until the pastures are again available.

Many dairymen are grinding up alfalfa hay and feeding it instead of bran.

Heavy milk producers should have some grain, but cows can be fed less grain if some form of legume hay is provided.

National necessity requires that milk production must be maintained or the necessary food for our nation will not be available.

The prices received by farmers for butterfat and milk are comparatively as high as the price of feed, and dairying is almost as profitable as it ever has been.

Dairying, or the keeping of cows, has many advantages to the farmer. It affords a steady cash income throughout the year, and it keeps all labor on the farm profitably employed. It enables the farmer to utilize much rough feed material which otherwise would find no market. Dairying helps to provide manure for other crops. Most of the talk about dairying not being profit-

able at present prices of feed is not based on fact.

Dairy farmers should prepare to cross their own cow feeds. Plant alfalfa or cowpeas or soy beans. Build a silo and fill it with corn or kafr, and the feeding problem is solved. High-priced grains need not be fed in large quantities.

### FIX CHICKENS FOR MARKETS

Best to Dry Pick Where Shipment Is Long Distance—Sell Scalded Fowls Near Home.

Dressed poultry for long-distance shipments best best be dry-picked, for near by markets or home consumption scalding is perfectly proper. In fact, scalded birds sell best to the trade.

The water must be as near the boiling point as possible, without burning the skin. Care must be taken in scalding. The legs should first be dry-picked, so that it will be necessary to immerse in hot water, which would change color and cause them to lose brightness. Neither the head nor feet should touch water. If the head is allowed to get in hot water it will present a sticky appearance.

The market generally accepts fowls that are either scalded or dry-picked, with the exception of broilers; with the latter, dry-picking alone is allowable. Scalding also increases the tendency to decay. It is claimed that scalded fat fowls do not cook so well as if dry-picked.

### WARM WATER BENEFITS COWS

Unless She Drinks Water Abundantly Milk Flow Is Retarded—Her Vitality Is Saved.

Warm water for the dairy stock will save feed and also benefit the milk flow. It saves feed because it does not draw on the vitality of the cow, as does cold water. It benefits the milk flow because a cow will not reach her maximum production unless she drinks water abundantly. This she will not do if it is too cold.

## KILL THE CHILL

These cool mornings by using a Gas Heater to take the edge off the room.

We have the famous "Hot Spot" heaters. None better. A call at our office will convince you.

Kentucky Public Service Co.  
INCORPORATED.

## HOPKINSVILLE, KENTUCKY